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Period 7

Mr. Costanzo

Section 1.1 Questions

True/ False

1. A computer in a VCR is an example of a general-purpose computer. | F
2. The equipment that makes p a computer is called hardware. | T
3. A speaker is an input device. | F
4. Output is the response a computer gives to input. | T
5. A modem is both an input and output device. | T
6. RAM is an acronym for read anywhere memory. | F
7. ROM is an acronym for read-only memory.| T
8. The bus connects the microprocessor to the RAM, ROM, and other devices. | T
9. A hard disk is an example of primary storage.| F
10. Hard Disks and floppydisks store data magnetically. | T

Short Answer

1. Name an item other than one mentioned in this chapter that includes a specific-purpose computer. **|** An oven.
2. What are the four tasks that hardware performs? | Stores data(numbers, words, graphics), Interacts with other devices (screen, printer), and execute programs.
3. List two devices used for input in a general - purpose computer. |Mouse and Keyboard.
4. List three devices involved in output from a general-purpose computer. Monitor, printer, and speakers.
5. List two devices involved in either processing or storage in a general-purpose computer. | Floppy Disk, Hard Disk, and CD-ROM.
6. What is typically stored in RAM? |Temporary Data and instructions.
7. What type of chip has data permanently stored on it? | ROM - Read Only Memory
8. Why is RAM called volatile? **|** Ram is called volatile because when a computer is turned off the data in RAM is lost.
9. What happens to the data on a hard disk when electric power is discontinued?The data is not lost.
10. Why are hard disks sealed in a case? To prevent dust from affecting its sensitive surface.